

Appendix A UICC TNM 9 classification (based on recommendations from the International Association for the Study of Lung Cancer Staging Project)

Primary tumour (T)

pTX Primary tumour cannot be assessed

pT0 No evidence of primary tumour

pT1 Tumour limited to the ipsilateral pleura and no involvement of the fissure

pT2 Tumour limited to the ipsilateral pleura with any of the following:

- the fissure

- ipsilateral lung parenchyma

- non-transmural diaphragm involvement

pT3 Tumour limited to ipsilateral pleura with or without fissure involvement and with invasion of any of the following:

- mediastinal fat

- surface of the pericardium

- endothoracic fascia

- solitary area of chest wall soft tissue involvement

pT4 Tumour involves any of the following:

- diffuse chest wall soft tissue involvement

- chest wall with rib involvement.

- mediastinal organs (oesophagus, trachea, heart, great vessels, spine)

- direct extension through the diaphragm or pericardium

- direct extension to contralateral pleura

- malignant pericardial effusion.

Regional lymph nodes (N)

pNX Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed

pN0 No regional lymph node metastases

pN1 Metastases to ipsilateral intrathoracic lymph nodes (includes ipsilateral bronchopulmonary, hilar, subcarinal, paratracheal, aortopulmonary, paraesophageal, peridiaphragmatic, pericardial fat pad or intercostal and internal mammary nodes)

pN2 Metastases to contralateral intrathoracic lymph nodes and/or metastases to ipsilateral or contralateral supraclavicular lymph nodes

Distant metastasis (M)

cM0 No distant metastasis

pM1 Distant metastasis

Stage grouping

	N0	N1	N2
T1	I	II	IIIA
T2	II	IIIA	IIIA
T3	IIIA	IIIA	IIIA
T4	IIIB	IIIB	IIIB
M1	IV	IV	IV