Royal College of Pathologists

Examination regulations - 2018

PAEDIATRIC PATHOLOGY

These regulations must be read in conjunction with the Regulations and Guidelines – College examinations for Fellowship and Diplomas.

ENTRY & TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

There is no specific timing for entry to the examination. Candidates should obtain guidance from their educational supervisor as to when to sit the examination. Planning should take into account planned CCT date (where applicable) but candidates should apply only when they are ready. Some general guidance is given below, but apart from the sequence in which the examinations can be sat is not intended to be prescriptive.

Part 1

Candidates must sit the Histopathology Part 1 examination. Candidates usually take this examination after two years of training in histopathology in a department recognised for training in paediatric pathology or, in the case of candidates with postgraduate experience in paediatrics, obstetrics or fetal medicine, two years of training in a department recognised for training in general histopathology.

Part 2

It is anticipated that most trainees will sit the Part 2 Examination after four years of training, at least two of which must be at specialist registrar grade in a recognised paediatric pathology training programme. Candidates may not sit the Part 2 Examination until 12 months after successfully completing the Part 1 Examination.

STRUCTURE AND FORMAT OF THE EXAMINATION

Part 1

Candidates will take the general histopathology Part 1 MCQ/EMQ (see the Histopathology regulations for further details).

Part 2

The examination takes place over at least two days within the three-week practical examination period and consists of:

- a full perinatal or paediatric autopsy, followed by a *viva* (2–3 hours)
- 20 surgical cases for which immunohistochemistry is not provided (3 hours);
 this may include anything that is not post-mortem material
- **special techniques** (2 hours);3–5 surgical or post-mortem cases in which the candidate will be provided with the H&E slides, and relevant histochemistry, immunohistochemistry electron microscopy and molecular biology

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- 2–3 long cases (2 hours);
 perinatal autopsy cases on which a report including clinico-pathological correlation will be requested
- macroscopic examination, which may involve surgical cut-up or fixed specimens (1 hour)
- oral examination, which may include all aspects of provision of a paediatric or perinatal pathology service including laboratory management, health and safety and ethics (up to 1 hour).

The candidate should reach a minimum pass mark in all sections of the examination and be able to demonstrate competence in perinatal and paediatric pathology appropriate for an independent consultant paediatric pathologist and to enter the continuing professional development and external quality assurance schemes.

TIMING OF THE EXAMINATIONS

The Part 1 and Part 2 examinations will be offered twice a year in Spring and Autumn.

Examinations Department
The Royal College of Pathologists
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