



Using Technology to Enhance Undergraduate Pathology Learning During the COVID-19 Era at Helwan Medical School

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Background & aims:

Lack of students' interaction and inability to develop competencies are significant reported challenges in e-learning during COVID-19. To overcome these challenges, an innovative interactive e-pathology course had been implemented and evaluated.

Methods:

o Context: The pathology course, taught for first level medical students at Helwan University, Faculty of Medicine, Cairo, Egypt (March through May 2021).

o Study design & grouping: A case-control study enrolled 696 medical students distributed into two groups: the Control group (n=360) underwent traditional online learning (prerecorded lectures and labs), and the Test group enrolled in the interactive e-course (n=336).

o Intervention: The interactive e-course was conducted using ZoomTM online platform where multiple instructional and assessment methods had been used as follows:

- 1. Lectures: Traditional live interactive lectures, Virtual Learning Stations, flipped classrooms with case-based discussion, and Virtual Patient Role-Plays.
- 2. Practical labs: Digital pathology slides and pots ^{1,2} & digital histopathological reports in case-based format
- 3. Formative assessment: Quiz-competitions using Kahoot! Game-based platform including case-based format, and Project-based Learning where students created e-mind maps & funny memes that simplify diseases for the public.

4. Office hours: TelegramTM platform.

o Evaluation of students' satisfaction via an online survey using five-point Likert scale and close-ended questions.

Results:

The mean of students' satisfaction in the test group (3.81 ± 0.45) was significantly higher than the control group (2.78±1.35), (p<0.001). Among the test group, 83.3% were satisfied by the used methods, and 73.5% found these methods good alternatives for the unavailable face-to-face learning. The highest-ranked learning methods were digital pathology slides and pots, followed by histopathological reports and Kahoot! competitions (Figure 1). Figure (2) depicts the advantages of the used methods. The primary reported limitation was an unstable network (36.2%).

Conclusions:

References:

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Enriching Pathology learning by interactive activities motivates students and enhances their competencies. From students' perspectives, interactive digital learning of practical skills is the most satisfying.







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