

# Workplace-based Assessment PURPOSE OF ASSESSMENT TOOLS

# 1. Purpose of the year 1 objective structured practical examination (OSPE) assessment

The purpose of the year 1 assessment is to:

- 1.1 indicate the capability and potential of a trainee through a test of applied knowledge and skills relevant to the year 1 curriculum
- 1.2 demonstrate a trainee's readiness to progress to the next stage of training
- 1.3 measure a trainee's capacity to achieve competencies for their chosen career path
- 1.4 drive learning demonstrated through the acquisition of knowledge and skill
- 1.5 indicate suitability of choice at an early stage of the chosen career path
- 1.6 enable a trainee to collect evidence for the Annual Review of Competence Progression (ARCP) (previously RITA)
- 1.7 help to identify trainees who should be counselled out of the specialty
- 1.8 provide evidence towards the award of the Certificate of Completion of Training (CCT)

## 2. Purpose of the Multi-source Feedback (MSF)

The purpose of the MSF assessment is to:

- 2.1 indicate trainees' motivation and enthusiasm for the specialty
- 2.2 indicate trainees' capability, potential, behaviour and attitude
- 2.3 encourage professional and self-development
- 2.4 generate candid feedback on trainees' aptitude and progress with the specialty
- 2.5 enable the trainee to collect evidence for the ESR/ARCP
- 2.6 provide feedback to trainees about progress and learning needs by highlighting strengths and identifying weaknesses



### 3. Direct Observation of Practical Skills (DOPS)

The purpose of the DOPS assessment is to:

- 3.1 indicate trainees' acquisition of practical skills in the specialty
- 3.2 indicate trainees' understanding of the use of equipment in the specialty
- 3.3 show that the trainee can work safely in the laboratory and clinical areas
- 3.4 indicate that the trainee interacts appropriately with patients where procedures involve them
- 3.5 indicate trainees' capability, potential and behaviour
- 3.6 encourage professional and self-development
- 3.7 generate candid feedback on trainee's aptitude and progress within the specialty
- 3.8 enable the trainee to collect evidence for the ARCP
- 3.9 provide feedback to trainees about progress and learning needs by highlighting strengths and identifying weaknesses

#### 4. Mini Clinical Evaluation Exercise

The purpose of the mini clinical evaluation exercise is to:

- 4.1 indicate trainees' acquisition of clinical skills in the specialty
- 4.2 indicate that the trainee interacts appropriately with patients
- 4.3 indicate trainees' capability, potential and behaviour
- 4.4 encourage professional and self-development
- 4.5 generate candid feedback on trainees' aptitude and progress within the specialty
- 4.6 enable the trainee to collect evidence for the ARCP
- 4.7 provide feedback to trainees about progress and learning needs by highlighting strengths and identifying weaknesses

### 5. Case-based Discussion

The purpose of the case-based discussion assessment tool is to:

- 5.1 indicate that the trainee understands the pathological basis of clinical disease
- 5.2 indicate that the trainee can interpret and relate pathological results to the clinical findings
- 5.3 indicate that the trainee can plan an appropriate strategy for the investigation of clinical diseases or laboratory problems



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- 5.4 indicate trainees' capability, potential and behaviour
- 5.5 encourage professional and self-development
- 5.6 generate candid feedback on trainees' aptitude and progress within the specialty
- 5.7 enable the trainee to collect evidence for the ARCP
- 5.8 provide feedback to trainees about progress and learning needs by highlighting strengths and identifying weaknesses

#### 6. Evaluation of Clinical Events

The purpose of the evaluation of clinical events assessment tool is to:

- 6.1 Indicate trainees' acquisition of clinical skills in the specialty
- 6.2 indicate trainees' acqusition of professional skills including clinical reasoning and the practical application of theoretical knowledge, communication skills, working with colleagues and in teams
- 6.3 indicate trainees' acquisition of professional attitudes including maintaining a patient focus, working within a clinical governance framework and the appropriate application of professional standards
- 6.4 indicate trainees' capability, potential and behaviour
- 6.5 encourage professional and self-development, including personal insight and reflective learning
- 6.6 generate candid feedback on trainees' aptitude and progress within the specialty
- 6.7 enable the trainee to collect evidence of achievement/competency for presentation at end of year assessments/ARCP
- 6.8 provide feedback to trainees about progress and learning needs by highlighting strengths and identifying weaknesses

<u>Definitions of workplace-based assessment tools</u> – https://www.rcpath.org/trainees/assessment/workplace-based-assessment-wpba.html

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May 2018



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